Honeymoon House Trailer From Popular Homecraft, March-April 1939 For Reference Only... Do not use to build a trailer. Check on Teardrop and Tiny Travel Trailers for up to date building information; http://www.mikenchell.com/forums



"HONEYMOON HOUSE TRAILER"

BY HI SIBLEY

Built With Dimes; Total Cost \$60

HIS trim little trailer, designed and built by Louis Rogers of Pasadena for his wedding trip, has proved its practicability in long service on the road. Mr. Rogers pursued a unique method of saving the money for the material. Each time he changed a dollar bill he put any dimes received into a small bank, so that the trailer literally was built with dimes. Total cost for material was slightly over sixty dollars, and this modest investment was the result of many trips to various junk and wrecking yards. Odd pieces were picked up here and there, and the prospective builder of one like it should bear in mind that he need not use identical material if something different serves the purpose just as well. For instance, a tee-beam is used for the tow bar on the original, but an I-beam, or even a heavy timber can be used instead.

A Chevrolet front axle with 28 in. wheels was used in the Rogers trailer, the tie-rod being cut and bolted to the axle, as in Fig. 1. It is important that the wheels are properly aligned before drilling holes for the bolts. If you are equipped for the job, the ends of the tie-rod may be welded in place. Chassis frame is of pine two-by-fours with angle plates in the corners, secured with bolts. A cross member 18 in, back of the front end carries one end of the tow the tow bar. Any standard trailer bar, and a "wishbone" of 1" tubing hitch is satisfactory for this job, and reinforces the former in the manner the chain required by some states illustrated. Sturdy strap iron x- can be secured to one of the bolts

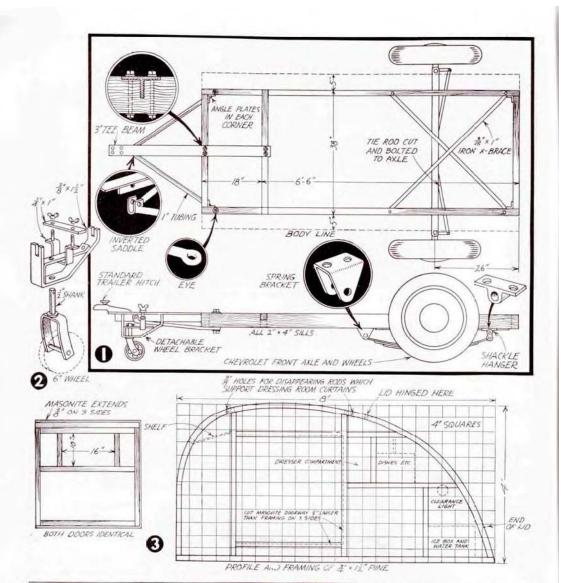
tached to the car is made of flat bar towing. Chevrolet 1926 fenders are iron farm implement wheel is used quire cutting into the body. The in this case; any other wheel of floor plan is just four by eight feet, about this size will be satisfactory, and tongue-and-groove flooring is Note that two wing nuts are un- laid over the chassis frame. Screws

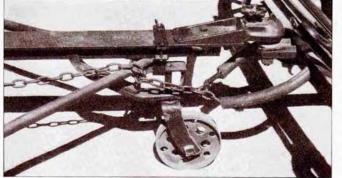
braces give rigidity to the frame, through the tow bar and two-by-A caster-wheel bracket for sup-porting the tow bar when not at-pretty well aft, making for smooth iron as illustrated in Fig. 2. A 6" installed, as this type does not rescrewed to remove the easter from instead of nails should be used



Trailer handles easily and turns in small space.

MARCH-APRIL, 1939

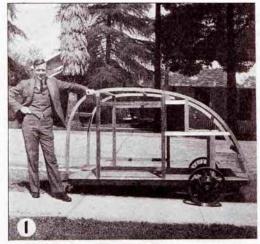




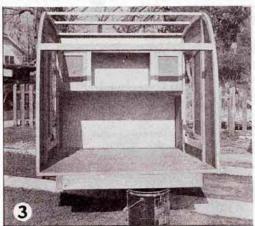
Removable caster for tow bar. (Used when disconnected from car.)

throughout in construction, and casein waterproof glue where applicable.

Profile of the side wall is given in Fig. 3, the squared diagram. This also gives location of various frame members. The doorway is cut slightly larger than the frame opening so that the edges of the door close against it. The cutaway perspective, Fig. 4, shows frame assembly. All framing is 34" by 1½" pine, and tempered presdwood of ½" thickness is used for sheathing. It is secured to the framingwork with ½" No. 6 oval head screws and washers, spaced 5½" apart. The









ceiling beams are notched into the side members as shown. Sides are each cut from a single panel 4 ft. by 8 ft., and are identical. A panel of the same size forms front end and roof, in one piece, and the lid over the kitchenette takes a panel 4 ft. by approximately 4 ft. 3 in. Below this is a removable panel of the same material.

Space for the mattress and springs is 6 ft. 4 in. long, and the bed must be installed before the rear partitions are put in. The partition above the ice box and water tank, however, is so constructed that it can be removed by taking out the screws, in case there is occasion to take out the bed. The joint at corner of roof and side wall is covered with aluminum or other metal moulding, secured with screws, as shown in the sectional drawing.

Incredible as it seems, this tiny trailer has 7'4" space in sleeping compartment, which exteads from front end to upright frame member just behind the wheel. Framing is of 3/4" x 11/2" pine. Gussets are used on original, but plans are otherwise.

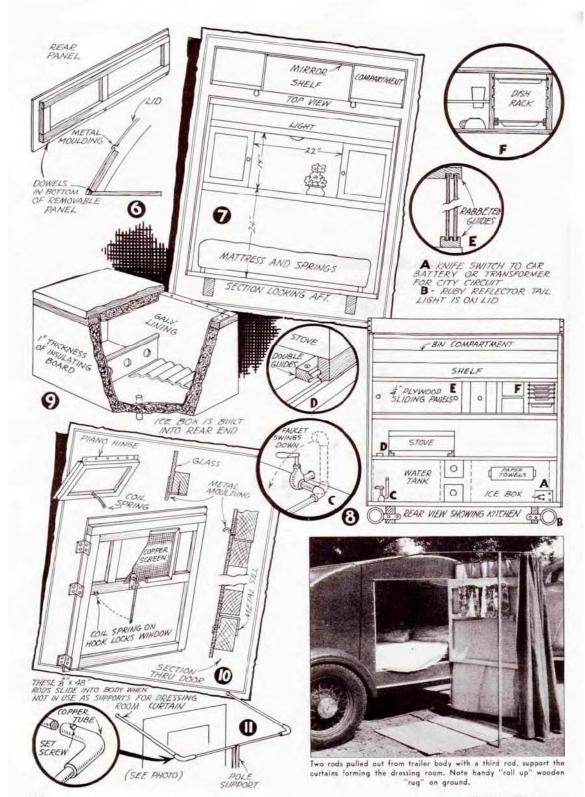
Prame work of lid over kitchenette.

Note 1/4" plywood partitions under low shelf, water tank is installed at left, ice box at right. Louis Rogers, builder, demonstrating.

Wiew looking aft, before roof is installed. Showing dresser with two side compartments. A mirror is to be set against the middle panel in back.

Sides and top are sheathed with hard pressed board 1/8" tempered presdwood. No. 6 oval head screws, 3/4", with washers are spaced 51/2" apart.

The hinged lid over the kitchenette is shown in detail, Fig. 5, It is hinged at the top with standard butts, and a curved metal strip placed over the joint to keep out the rain. Two iron rods hold the lid up when open, and swing back under when closed. A rack is provided for the table. When in use the latter is supported on two paper-hanger's horses which have been cut down to 28 in. These fold up neatly and are stowed in the bin or compartment above the kitchenette. An automobile door handle with lock is used for the locking device fitted with two bars, as illustrated. There is a light under the lid, and on top, the tail light mounted on a strap iron bracket which also supports the license plate. Below the lid is a removable panel made as shown in Fig. 6. Three dowels in the bottom,



set in holes in the floor, and the up- full width of the trailer, suitable for drains direct to the ground, and a per end is kept in place by the over- curtains, table horses, etc. lapping moulding of the lid.

a dresser is built in, Fig. 7, with two half-inch insulating board, and built cover must fit neatly and snugly. compartments with doors, and a mirror in back. A light is installed Fig. 9. The lid is also insulated, and above. Note that the bed slides under this dresser, with ample body serves as a room between it and the bottom of the dresser to move about.

The ice box is of galvanized iron Just at the rear end of the door insulated with two thicknesses of into the trailer. Details are down in when closed

> workbench for the cook. A 14"

low partition prevents ice from sliding over onto the food adjoining.

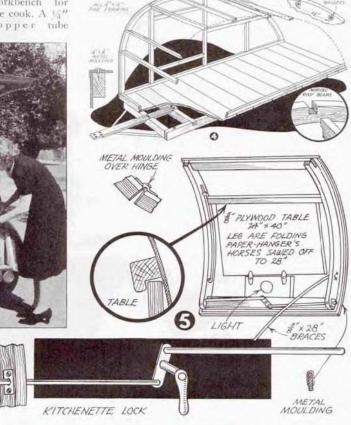
It goes without saying that the

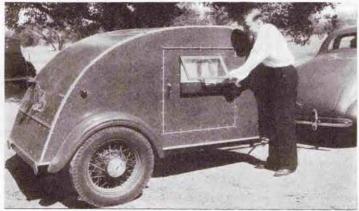
As stated before, both doors are (Continued on page 488)



Mrs. (Lois) Rogers gets a jar from the ice box. At lower left note water faucet made from old gas light fixture parts.

compartments can be taken from the squared diagram, Fig. 3, and constructional details are shown in Fig. 8. At the bottom left is a built-in water tank, having a faucet that swings up out of the way of the lid when the latter is closed. Two drawers are provided, just to the left of center, and an ice box is built in on the right side. The stove slides out on wooden rails with grooves at right angles, preventing its shaking off when in motion. Above it are two panels sliding in rabbetted guides, and a dish compartment built to accommodate the dishes. The panels have brass finger-sockets to set in. and the guides should be sufficiently wide to prevent binding in damp weather. Give both the guides and edges of the plywood panels a thorough application of wax. In the dish rack, glasses set in holes in a shelf, and rabbeted groves take care of the plates. Above this is a bin the





Louis Rogers of Pasadena, designer and builder, demonstrates the novel window bracket. Normally, it is worked from the inside.

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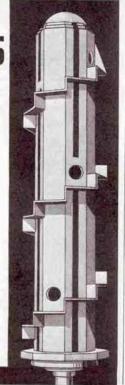


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(Continued from page 451)

identical, but one is fitted with a Yale lock, and the other fastened from the inside with an icebox handle taken from an old refrigerator. Construction of the door is shown in Fig. 10 and Mr. Rogers has devised a very ingenious window fastener and bracket combined. This consists simply of a coiled screen-door spring passing through two eyes set at right angles, as in Fig. 10, By pushing the spring out through the eyes it opens the window from the inside and holds it in any position. When closed, the end of the spring is put on a hook at one side, making an effective lock. The spring passes through a hole in the copper screen. The window is hinged at the top with a piano hinge, and the glass is held by a frame made of galvanized sheet iron bent as shown in the sectional drawing, and mitred and soldered at the corners. Painted over brown of the same shade as the sheathing of the trailer, it makes a neat appearance.

Aluminum moulding is placed over

the door sill, with a small eavestrough of the same material above the door, as shown in the sectional drawing. In forming these pieces as well as all other sheet metal work it will be necessary, for a neat job, to have your local tinsmith do the work with his shop equipment. It shouldn't cost much.

With a trailer of these compact dimensions, dressing is best done outside, and Mr. Rogers has rigged up a very satisfactory dressing room at the door with a curtain. This is supported on two rods which slide out from the top of the body on either side of the door, Fig. 11, and are just 4' long, the width of the trailer. A third rod, fitted with sockets at each end made of copper tubing, joins the other two and is held up by a wooden pole. Curtains strung along this make a very satisfactory dressing room, es-pecially when a wood floor is provided. This last (see photo) is made of slats something on the order of Venetian blinds and can be rolled up and stowed in small space.

Lighting on Mr. Roger's trailer is from the car battery, but one could be put in the trailer itself independent of the car. There are six bulbs installed, one under the shelf at the forward end of the sleeping compartment, one over the dresser, one under the kitchenette lid, one tail light and two blue clearance lights. A knife switch is provided to throw on current from car battery, or switch over to city 110-v circuit through a

transformer.